



•, f, •†

†^Š<,Œ,Ž•• (Multiple Choice Questions)

Ques. 1: 1911 ‹•, f, •† ‹ ’ “ • †† f Š—• ‹† ~•† ^Š

- ☐ (A) •, f, •
- ☐ (B) ††^Š Š, <Œ•, •
- ☐ (C) Ž, •• <Œ•, •
- ☐ (D) ‘••<’ “•” ‘ <Š•, •

Ques. 2: 1877 ‹•, f, •† ‹† > < Œœ† “ ~•† •†Š

- ☐ (A) • Š•Œ, —% “•, ††Š
- ☐ (B) • †...š, œŒŒ
- ☐ (C) Š•† Šž —Ÿ• ‘•
- ☐ (D) •†•Œ <’ “•” ‘

Ques. 3: •, f, •††ž”†™•ž—• Ÿ”ž”<Œ<’ iŒ• ‘Œ<•†—Œ†•†Š

- ☐ (A) “•,ž• i Šš Œ,••
- ☐ (B) “•,ž• i Šž ’Œ•Œ,ž <Œ••
- ☐ (C) <•††Š Šž | <”% Š•œŒ|
- ☐ (D) < | <•†•,



Exams : UPSC, SSC, Railway, Banking, Police Teaching, Defense & All Government Job Recruitment Exams
Study Material : Current Affairs, GK, General Studies, Reasoning, Mathematics, English, Hindi etc.

Ques. 4: 1911 $\langle \ddagger \text{€} \bullet, f_{\text{„}} \bullet \dots \ddagger \text{„} - \text{„} \text{£}_{\text{„}} \bullet \text{æ£}^{\text{†}} \text{, } \text{“} \text{¥} \bullet \text{ž}^{\text{ž}} \text{Ž}^{\text{†}} \text{, } | \text{ } ^{\text{†}} \text{£}$

- ☐ (A) „•” - • ‘ ž - Ÿ • ‘ ‘ %₀₀ „ ® ž „ † ‡ • † Š ž - ‹ - Ÿ ‹ %₀₀
☐ (B) • TM • € ‹ ‘ “ • ” ‘ Š ž „ ° ž Š „ ®
☐ (C) - ‘ € † ž œ TM € ‘
☐ (D) , • TM ž Š • ‘ %₀₀ † ‘

Ques. 5: €•, f„ •...†ž“¥<“-’-†£„ • ...†-“^†...†™“©£€<>-£‘•\$

- ☐ (A) Š' € •™€ Š
☐ (B) Š' € €«® “•,‰ Š
☐ (C) f• “•,‰ Š
☐ (D) Š' € €E³€ž «‘ Š

Ques. 6: 1877 ‹ £ • , f „ • ... † ‡ • ‹ ' “ • - ‡ £ ‹ † Š † • ' ... † • ‹ “ • • Š

- (A) €μ¢^a, ‘

Ques. 7: 1911 < £• , / „ • ... † † ... “¥< “- . ’ ’ “†ª «Š•”i €£«• £ ^%••Š

- ☐ (A) ¶¢'¢ª†~%‡
☐ (B) "µ"ª™‡Ž„,„ž'‡„ž
☐ (C) <'<€•‡·%Ÿª
☐ (D) „„ž'<'„Ÿ\$„••



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Ques. 8: The following question is based on the information given below. Read the information carefully and answer the question.

- (A) The number of students who are not interested in any of the subjects is 100.
- (B) The number of students who are interested in all the subjects is 100.
- (C) The number of students who are interested in all the subjects is 100.
- (D) The number of students who are interested in all the subjects is 100.

Ques. 9: The following question is based on the information given below. Read the information carefully and answer the question.

- (A) The number of students who are not interested in any of the subjects is 100.
- (B) The number of students who are interested in all the subjects is 100.
- (C) The number of students who are interested in all the subjects is 100.
- (D) The number of students who are interested in all the subjects is 100.

Ques. 10: The following question is based on the information given below. Read the information carefully and answer the question.

- (A) The number of students who are not interested in any of the subjects is 100.
- (B) The number of students who are interested in all the subjects is 100.
- (C) The number of students who are interested in all the subjects is 100.
- (D) The number of students who are interested in all the subjects is 100.

Ques. 11: The following question is based on the information given below. Read the information carefully and answer the question.

- (A) 1905.
- (B) 1909.
- (C) 1911.
- (D) 1912.



Ques. 12: 1911 चूंकि, फ्रान्स में तब तक "यूरोप" की अवधारणा का अर्थ फ्रांस और अन्य देशों के लिए था।

- ☐ (A) "यूरोप" शब्द का अर्थ यूरोप के देशों के लिए था, जो कि यूरोप के देशों के लिए था।
- ☐ (B) यूरोप का अर्थ "यूरोप" शब्द का अर्थ था।
- ☐ (C) फ्रांस और अन्य देशों के लिए था, जो कि यूरोप के देशों के लिए था।
- ☐ (D) फ्रांस और अन्य देशों के लिए था, जो कि यूरोप के देशों के लिए था।

Ques. 13: 1911 चूंकि, फ्रान्स में तब तक यूरोप का अर्थ यूरोप के देशों के लिए था, जो कि यूरोप के देशों के लिए था।

- ☐ (A) यूरोप का अर्थ यूरोप के देशों के लिए था, जो कि यूरोप के देशों के लिए था।
- ☐ (B) यूरोप का अर्थ यूरोप के देशों के लिए था, जो कि यूरोप के देशों के लिए था।
- ☐ (C) यूरोप का अर्थ यूरोप के देशों के लिए था, जो कि यूरोप के देशों के लिए था।
- ☐ (D) यूरोप का अर्थ यूरोप के देशों के लिए था, जो कि यूरोप के देशों के लिए था।

Ques. 14: यूरोप का अर्थ यूरोप के देशों के लिए था, जो कि यूरोप के देशों के लिए था।

- ☐ (A) 1909 ».
- ☐ (B) 1911 ».
- ☐ (C) 1915 ».
- ☐ (D) 1920 ».

Ques. 15: 1903 चूंकि, फ्रान्स में तब तक यूरोप का अर्थ यूरोप के देशों के लिए था, जो कि यूरोप के देशों के लिए था।

- ☐ (A) फ्रांस और अन्य देशों के लिए था, जो कि यूरोप के देशों के लिए था।
- ☐ (B) यूरोप का अर्थ यूरोप के देशों के लिए था, जो कि यूरोप के देशों के लिए था।
- ☐ (C) यूरोप का अर्थ यूरोप के देशों के लिए था, जो कि यूरोप के देशों के लिए था।
- ☐ (D) यूरोप का अर्थ यूरोप के देशों के लिए था, जो कि यूरोप के देशों के लिए था।



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Ques. 16: 1903 < ‡ • , f „ • ... † ‡ „ € < ' Š ‡ • ' ... ‡ • • ‘™ • ž£—£ € < • ‡ Š

- ☐ (A) €µ¢&€¥ ‘
☐ (B) €µ¢ªŠ ” ª
☐ (C) €µ¢ª...•<¢ªªª
☐ (D) €µ¢ª„, ‘

Ques. 17: $\bullet^3 \dots \ddagger \text{€} \bullet, f_{\text{,,}} \bullet \dots \ddagger \ddagger_{\text{,,}} \prec \ddagger^{\text{TM}} \bullet \check{\text{€}} - \text{£} \hat{\%}_{00}^{\text{TM}} \text{Š}$

- ☐ (A) 1890 ».
☐ (B) 1895 ».
☐ (C) 1903 ».
☒ (D) 1905 ».



Ques. 20: The first railway line in India was opened in the year _____.

- ☐ (A) 1860
- ☐ (B) 1872
- ☐ (C) 1877
- ☐ (D) 1885

Multiple Choice Questions

Ques. 1: The first railway line in India was opened in the year _____.

- ☐ (A) 1860
- ☐ (B) 1872
- ☐ (C) 1877
- ☐ (D) 1885

Ques. 2: The first railway line in India was opened in the year _____.

- ☐ (A) 1860
- ☐ (B) 1872
- ☐ (C) 1877
- ☐ (D) 1885



Ques. 3: The following sentence is given in Hindi. Read it carefully and choose the correct option.

- (A) The sentence is correct as it is.
- (B) The sentence is incorrect because the word 'सं' should be 'स'.
- (C) The sentence is incorrect because the word 'सं' should be 'स' and 'है' should be 'ह'.
- (D) The sentence is incorrect because the word 'सं' should be 'स'.

Ques. 4: The following sentence is given in Hindi. Read it carefully and choose the correct option.

- (A) The sentence is correct as it is.
- (B) The sentence is incorrect because the word 'सं' should be 'स'.
- (C) The sentence is incorrect because the word 'सं' should be 'स' and 'है' should be 'ह'.
- (D) The sentence is incorrect because the word 'सं' should be 'स'.

Ques. 5: The following sentence is given in Hindi. Read it carefully and choose the correct option.

- (A) The sentence is correct as it is.
- (B) The sentence is incorrect because the word 'सं' should be 'स'.
- (C) The sentence is incorrect because the word 'सं' should be 'स' and 'है' should be 'ह'.
- (D) The sentence is incorrect because the word 'सं' should be 'स'.

Ques. 6: The following sentence is given in Hindi. Read it carefully and choose the correct option.

- (A) The sentence is correct as it is.
- (B) The sentence is incorrect because the word 'सं' should be 'स'.
- (C) The sentence is incorrect because the word 'सं' should be 'स' and 'है' should be 'ह'.
- (D) The sentence is incorrect because the word 'सं' should be 'स'.



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Ques. 7: 1911 ‹ € • , f „ • ... † ‡ „ “ ¥ ‹ “ - ’ ‘ ’ “ † “ « Š • ” i Œ ‹ « • £ ^ ‰ • Š

- ☐ (A) ¶¢'¢ª+~%±
☐ (B) "µ"ª™± Ž,, ""Ž' ±,Ž
☐ (C) <'<€·± ·%Ÿª
☐ (D) ""Ž' <'""¥Š<,,••

Ques. 8: € , f „ ... † ‡ „ ‹ ‡ ™ • ž — • “% - € ’ ‘ ‹ ’ Ÿ Š ’ ... € „ ‹ • ‡ — ‡ ‡ • ‡ Š

- ☐ (A) <•¥| †‡•¥/†‡•¹ž Š „Š••<“ >Š Šž °š>®•
☐ (B) – ’ %™%• <E’ †
☐ (C) †₵ ‘ Š „¢
☐ (D) „•” – ’ † €ž

Ques. 9: 1877 ‹ €• , f „ •...†‡... ‹ ‡™ •ž—• €‹ ’ •€‹ •‡Š

- ☐ (A) $\epsilon_{\mu\phi} a_{\mu}$ '
- ☐ (B) $\epsilon_{\mu\phi} a_{\mu} \epsilon_{\mu\phi}$ '
- ☐ (C) $\epsilon_{\mu\phi} a_{\mu}^{\alpha}$ " α
- ☐ (D) $\epsilon_{\mu\phi} a_{\mu} \dots \phi^{\alpha M}$

Ques. 10: €• , f „ •...†‡... < ‡™•ž—• < ^†®< • ‡ —‡£‡ • ‡š

- ☐ (A) €•€ <Š€•
☐ (B) „‘• <Š€•
☐ (C) Šš„ ‘•! ‘ •Š^a
☐ (D) ”•‡• ‡<–” € ‡€•‘



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Ques. 11: The first time the word "Gandhi" was used to refer to Mahatma was in the year 1905.

(A) 1905

».



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Ques. 15: 1903 ‹ €•, /„ •...†‡... ‹ ‡ “%• i €•• ~• ‡ • ‡Š

- (A) ‡...„, ‚Ž < ’ ′ ¥Š<„, •• Š• „,•§••<“ >Š
- (B) ¶¶¢ ‚¢ª†~%‡ Š• „,•§••<“ >Š
- (C) ”µ”ª™‡ Š• „,•§••<“ >Š
- (D) < ’ <€•‡ • %ŸªŠ• „,•§••<“ >Š

Ques. 16: 1903 < ‡ €•, f„ •...†‡...€ < ' Š‡• ' ...‡• • '™•ž£—£ € < • ‡Š

- ☐ (A) €µ¢ª€¥ ‘
☐ (B) €µ¢ªŠ ” ª
☐ (C) €µ¢ª...•<¢ªM
☐ (D) €µ¢ª„ ‘

Ques. 17: •³ ...† €• , f „ •...†‡... ‹ † ™ •ž€—£ ^%™ Š

- (A) 1890 ».
- (B) 1895 ».
- (C) 1903 ».
- (D) 1905 ».

Ques. 18: 1877 ‘£, f, ...† “¥[£] ‘ –£ < „ “^† „ μž¶£ £ < † • †š

- ☐ (A) " ' ž ' < ' " Ÿš<, ••
☐ (B) " ' ž ' ¶<€ " ••Ÿ
☐ (C) " ' ž ' ‡,ž
☐ (D) " ' ž ' 1/2 ' ž



Ques. 19: The first time the Indian National Congress was held in London was in the year _____.

- ☐ (A) 1854
- ☐ (B) 1855
- ☐ (C) 1856
- ☐ (D) 1857

Ques. 20: The first time the Indian National Congress was held in London was in the year _____.

- ☐ (A) 1860
- ☐ (B) 1872
- ☐ (C) 1877
- ☐ (D) 1885